

This comprehensive **Layer Feeding Chart** is designed to help poultry farmers effectively plan and manage feed for their flocks. It provides detailed breakdowns for both mature laying hens and growing chicks/pullets, offering clear estimates for daily, weekly, and monthly feed requirements. Use this chart as a practical guide to optimize your feed management, reduce waste, and ensure the health and productivity of your birds.

## 1. Feeding Chart for Mature Laying Hens 🐔

This chart outlines the typical feed consumption for a healthy flock of laying hens in their peak production phase (19-75 weeks). All calculations are based on an average daily intake of **110-125 grams per bird** and assume you are using **50kg bags of feed**. For more detailed insights into managing feed for mature layers, check out our guide on [How Many Bags of Feed for 100 Layers Per Month](#).

Flock Size	Feed Per Day (kg)	Bags Per Month (50kg)	Key Takeaway & Planning Tip
10 Layers	1.1 - 1.3 kg	~1 bag	A single bag will last you the entire month.
50 Layers	5.5 - 6.3 kg	~6 bags	Budget for about one bag every 5 days.
100 Layers	11 - 12.5 kg	11 - 12 bags	You'll use roughly one 50kg bag every 4 days.
200 Layers	22 - 25 kg	22 - 25 bags	This is nearly one full bag per day. Plan purchases weekly.
500 Layers	55 - 63 kg	55 - 63 bags	Requires over one bag daily. Consider bulk discounts.
1000 Layers	110 - 125 kg	110 - 125 bags	Requires over 2 bags daily. Plan for bulk tonnage delivery.

## 2. Feeding Chart for Raising Chicks to Pullets 🐣

Planning for new chicks is different. You need to budget for their entire growth cycle before they start laying eggs. This chart shows the total feed required to raise a flock from day-old chicks to point-of-lay pullets (18 weeks old). Calculations assume you are using **25kg bags**, which are common for starter and grower feeds.

Flock Size	Chick Starter (0-8 wks)	Grower Feed (9-18 wks)	Total Feed for 18 Weeks
10 Chicks	1 bag (25kg)	2 bags (53kg)	<b>~3 bags total (78kg)</b>
50 Chicks	5 bags (126kg)	11 bags (263kg)	<b>~16 bags total (389kg)</b>
100 Chicks	10 bags (252kg)	21 bags (525kg)	<b>~31 bags total (777kg)</b>
200 Chicks	20 bags (504kg)	42 bags (1050kg)	<b>~62 bags total (1.5 tons)</b>
500 Chicks	51 bags (1.26 tons)	105 bags (2.6 tons)	<b>~156 bags total (3.8 tons)</b>

## How to Use These Feeding Charts

- **These are estimates:** Real-world consumption can vary by 5-10% based on weather (birds eat more when cold), feed quality, water availability, and flock health.
- **Plan Ahead:** Always buy slightly more feed than you project. Running out of feed can cause stress and a drop in egg production.
- **Observe Your Birds:** The best tool is your own observation. If your feeders are empty too quickly or the birds seem lethargic, investigate. If they are wasting a lot of feed, adjust your feeders.
- **Water is Key:** Birds will not eat if they cannot drink. Ensure clean, cool water is always available.

## Conclusion

We hope these detailed feeding charts provide you with a valuable tool for managing your poultry farm more efficiently. By understanding and consistently applying these feed

consumption guidelines, you can optimize your costs, minimize waste, and contribute to the overall health and productivity of your laying flock. Remember that careful planning and observation are your best allies in successful poultry farming.